

## SODIUM METHOXIDE, 30% in methanol

Material Safety Data Sheet Date of Issue: 01/20/2019

SECTION 1: Identification		
1.1. Product identifier		
Product name	: SODIUM METHOXIDE, 30% in methanol	
Product form	: Mixture	
Physical state	: Liquid	
Formula	: CH3NaO	
Synonyms	: SODIUM METHYLATE	
Chemical family	: METAL ALCOHOLATE	
1.2. Recommended use of the chen	nical and restrictions on use	
Recommended use	: Chemical intermediate	
1.3 Details of the supplier of the sa		
Junyuan Petroleum Group	No. 117,Guangqing Ro.,Guangrao	
Dongying Liangxin Petrochemical	T +86 178 10300898	
	info@iunvuanpetroleumgroup.com	
Company	www.junyuanpetroleumgroup.com	
1.4. Emergency telephone number		
Emergency number	: +86 178 1030 0898	
SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identificat	tion	
2.1. Classification of the substance	or mixture	
GHS-US classification		
Flammable liquids Category 3 Acute toxicity (oral) Category 3 Acute toxicity (dermal) Category 3 Acute toxicity (inhalation:vapor) Category 3 Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1B Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category Specific target organ toxicity (single exposu Specific target organ toxicity (single exposu Full text of H statements : see section 16	H226 H301 H311 H331 H334 r1 H318 Ire) Category 1 H370 Ire) Category 3 H336	
2.2. Label elements		
GHS-US labeling		
Hazard pictograms (GHS-US)	GHS02 GHS05 GHS06 GHS07 GHS08	
Signal word (GHS-US)	: Danger	
Hazard statements (GHS-US)	<ul> <li>H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor H301+H311+H331 - Toxic if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage H318 - Causes serious eye damage H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness H370 - Causes damage to organs</li> </ul>	
Precautionary statements (GHS-US)	: P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection P307 + P311 - If exposed: Call a poison center/doctor P210 - Keep away from heat, open flames, sparks No smoking P240 - Ground/Bond container and receiving equipment P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical equipment P242 - Use only non-sparking tools P243 - Take precautionary measures against static discharge P260 - Do not breathe vapors P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling	Decid
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P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product
P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area
P301 + P330 + P331 - If swallowed: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting
P301 + P310 - If swallowed: Immediately call a POISON CENTER
P303 + P361 + P353 - If on skin (or hair): take off immediately all contaminated clothing. rinse
skin with water/shower
P304 + P340 - If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing
P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove
contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing
P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER
P321 - Specific treatment (see first aid instructions on this label)
P361 - Take off immediately all contaminated clothing
P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse
P370 + P378 - In case of fire: Use dry chemical, dry soda ash to extinguish
P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed
P403 + P235 - Keep in a cool place
D405 Others la shared sur

P405 - Store locked up P501 - Dispose of contents/container to licensed waste disposal facility

#### 2.3. Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

## No additional information available

#### Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US) 2.4.

### No data available

## **SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients**

#### 3.1. Substance

## Not applicable

#### 3.2. **Mixture**

Name	Product identifier	%	GHS-US classification
Methanol	(CAS No) 67-56-1	> 70	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 3 (Oral), H301 Acute Tox. 3 (Dermal), H311 Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation:vapour), H331 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 1, H370 STOT SE 3, H336
Sodium methylate	(CAS No) 124-41-4	> 30	Self-heat. 1, H251 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see section 16

SECTION 4: First and measures	
4.1. Description of first aid measures	
First-aid measures general :	Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible). If possible show this sheet; if not available show packaging or label.
First-aid measures after inhalation :	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician.
First-aid measures after skin contact :	Remove/take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician.
First-aid measures after eye contact :	Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician.
First-aid measures after ingestion :	Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Give a demulscent such as milk, olive oil, or margarine in small amounts, up to two or three tablespoons. Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician.
4.2. Most important symptoms and effects	, both acute and delayed
Symptoms/injuries :	Causes damage to organs.
Symptoms/injuries after inhalation :	Toxic if inhaled. Danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Overexposure may cause: Nausea. Headache. Visual disturbances. Cough. Inhalation will cause sneezing, irritation and burns.
Symptoms/injuries after skin contact :	Toxic in contact with skin. Causes (severe) skin burns. Repeated exposure to this material can result in absorption through skin causing significant health hazard. Worker will notice a slippery feeling on washing.
Symptoms/injuries after eye contact :	Causes serious eye damage.
Symptoms/injuries after ingestion :	Toxic if swallowed. Swallowing a small quantity of this material will result in serious health hazard. Oral toxicity is associated with methanol, the solvent and a hydrolysis product which causes nausea, vomiting, headache, visual effects including blindness. Onset of symptoms may be delayed up to 48 hours.

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Chronic symptoms	: Methanol may effect the central nervous system resulting in persistent or recurring headaches or impaired vision. The solvent, methanol, probably determines toxicity. Ingestion of methanol can cause blindness and death.		
4.3. Indication of any immediate medical	attention and special treatment needed		
No additional information available			
SECTION 5: Firefighting measures			
5.1. Extinguishing media			
Suitable extinguishing media	: Dry chemical. Dry soda ash.		
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Water.		
5.2. Special hazards arising from the sub-	stance or mixture		
Fire hazard	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Irritating fumes and organic acid vapors may develop when material is exposed to elevated temperatures or open flame.		
Explosion hazard	: May form flammable/explosive vapor-air mixture.		
5.3. Advice for firefighters			
Firefighting instructions	: Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Protect against caustic dust, smoke and water.		
Protection during firefighting	: Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection. Avoid all eye and skin contact and do not breathe vapor and mist. Wear pressure demand self- contained breathing apparatus with full facepiece and full protective clothing.		
<b>SECTION 6: Accidental release meas</b>	ures		
6.1. Personal precautions, protective equ	ipment and emergency procedures		
General measures	: Eliminate every possible source of ignition. Use special care to avoid static electric charges.		
6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel			
	: vvear protective equipment as described in Section 8.		
Emergency procedures	. Evacuate unnecessary personnel.		
6.1.2. For emergency responders			
Protective equipment	: Avoid breathing vapors. Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. Equip cleanup crew with proper protection. For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection".		
Emergency procedures	: Ventilate area.		
6.2. Environmental precautions			
Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Notify	authorities if liquid enters sewers or public waters.		
6.3. Methods and material for containmer	nt and cleaning up		
For containment	: Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams.		
Methods for cleaning up	: Clean up any spills as soon as possible, using an absorbent material to collect it. Use only non-sparking tools.		
6.4. Reference to other sections			
See Heading 8. Exposure controls and personal p	rotection.		
SECTION 7: Handling and storage			
7.1. Precautions for safe handling			
Additional hazards when processed	: Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors are flammable. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking.		
Precautions for safe handling	: Avoid all eye and skin contact and do not breathe vapor and mist. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Use only non-sparking tools.		
Hygiene measures	: Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work.		
7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities			
Technical measures	: Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical equipment.		
Storage conditions	: Keep container tightly closed. Store under dry nitrogen or argon in sealed containers. Keep in a cool place. Store locked up.		
Incompatible materials	: Acids. Alcohols. Carbon dioxide. Esters. Halogens. Ketones. Moist air. Water.		
Storage area	: Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from heat.		

Oxidizing properties Explosion limits

SECTION 8: Exposure co	ontrols/personal protection			
8.1. Control parameters				
Methanol (67-56-1)				
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	200 ppm		
ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	250 ppm		
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	200 ppm		
IDLH	US IDLH (ppm)	6000 ppm		
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (ppm)	200 ppm		
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (STEL) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )			
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (STEL) (ppm)	250 ppm		
8.2 Exposure controls				
Appropriate engineering controls	: Provide local exhaust c	or general room ventilation.		
Personal protective equipment	: Avoid all unnecessary available in the immedi	exposure. Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be late vicinity of any potential exposure.		
Hand protection	: Neoprene or nitrile rubl	ber gloves.		
Eve protection	: Chemical goggles or fa	ice shield. Contact lenses should not be worn.		
Skin and body protection	<ul> <li>Wear suitable protective clothing. Long-sleeved fire-resistant lab uniform or coverall is recommended.</li> </ul>			
Respiratory protection	<ul> <li>Where exposure through inhalation may occur from use, respiratory protection equipment is recommended. NIOSH-certified caustic organic vapor (black cartridge) respirator.</li> </ul>			
SECTION 9: Physical an	d chemical properties			
9.1 Information on basic	nhysical and chemical properties			
Physical state				
Appearance	: Clear solution.			
Molecular mass	: 54.02 g/mol			
Color	: No data available			
Odor	: No data available			
Odor threshold	: No data available			
Refractive index	: 1.37			
рН	: No data available			
Relative evaporation rate (butyl a	acetate=1) : No data available			
Melting point	: <0 °C			
Freezing point	: No data available			
Boiling point	: 68 °C (initial, methanol	)		
Flash point	: 32 °C			
Auto-ignition temperature	: No data available			
Decomposition temperature	: No data available			
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Flammable liquid and v	: Flammable liquid and vapor		
Vapor pressure	: 50 mm Hg @ 25°C	: 50 mm Hg @ 25°C		
Relative vapor density at 20 °C	: 5.9 (methanol)	: 5.9 (methanol)		
Relative density	: 0.97	: 0.97		
VOC content	: 70 %	: 70 %		
Solubility	: Reacts with water. Diss	: Reacts with water. Dissolves.		
Log Pow	: No data available	: No data available		
Log Kow	: No data available	: No data available		
Viscosity, kinematic	: 68 cSt @ 20°C			
Viscosity, dynamic	c : No data available			
Explosive properties	: No data available			

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9.2. Other information		
No additional information available		
SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity		
10.1. Reactivity		
No additional information available		
10.2 Chemical stability		
Stable under nitrogen or argon in sealed contained	rs.	
10.2 Possibility of bazardous reactions	с.	
Material decomposes slowly in contact with moist	air and rapidly in contact with water	
10.4. Conditions to avoid		
Heat. Sparks. Open flame.		
10.5. Incompatible materials		
Acids. Alcohols. Carbon dioxide. Esters. Halogens	s. Ketones. Moist air. Water.	
10.6. Hazardous decomposition products		
Caustic organic vapors. Methanol. Sodium hydrox	ide.	
<b>SECTION 11: Toxicological information</b>	on	
11.1. Information on toxicological effects		
Acute toxicity	: Oral: Toxic if swallowed. Dermal: Toxic in contact with skin. Inhalation:vapour: Toxic if inhaled.	
SODIUM METHOXIDE, 30% in methanol (124-	41-4)	
ATE US (oral)	131.187 mg/kg body weight	
ATE US (dermal)	400.000 mg/kg body weight	
ATE US (vapors)	4.000 mg/l/4h	
Methanol (67-56-1)		
LC50 inhalation rat (ppm)	22500 ppm (Exposure time: 8 h)	
ATE US (oral)	100.000 mg/kg body weight	
ATE US (dermal)	300.000 mg/kg body weight	
ATE US (vapors)	3.000 mg/l/4h	
Sodium methylate (124-41-4)		
LD50 oral rat	2037 mg/kg	
LD50 dermal rat	> 2000 mg/kg	
ATE US (oral)	2037.000 mg/kg body weight	
Skin corrosion/irritation	: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.	
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Causes serious eye damage.	
Respiratory or skin sensitization	: Not classified	
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified	
Carcinogenicity	: Not classified	
	None of the components in this product at concentrations >0.1% are listed by IARC, NTP, OSHA or ACGIH as a carcinogen	
Reproductive toxicity	: Not classified	
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	: Causes damage to organs. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.	
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	: Not classified	
Aspiration hazard	: Not classified	
Symptoms/injuries after inhalation	<ul> <li>Toxic if inhaled. Danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Overexposure may cause: Nausea. Headache. Visual disturbances. Cough. Inhalation will cause sneezing, irritation and burns.</li> </ul>	
Symptoms/injuries after skin contact	: Toxic in contact with skin. Causes (severe) skin burns. Repeated exposure to this material can result in absorption through skin causing significant health hazard. Worker will notice a slippery feeling on washing.	
Symptoms/injuries after eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.	
Symptoms/injuries after ingestion	: Toxic if swallowed. Swallowing a small quantity of this material will result in serious health hazard. Oral toxicity is associated with methanol, the solvent and a hydrolysis product which causes nausea, vomiting, headache, visual effects including blindness. Onset of symptoms may be delayed up to 48 hours.	

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Chronic symptoms	: Methanol may effect the central nervous system resulting in persistent or recurring headaches or impaired vision. The solvent, methanol, probably determines toxicity. Ingestion of methanol can cause blindness and death.	
<b>SECTION 12: Ecological information</b>		
12.1. Toxicity		
Methanol (67-56-1)		
LC50 fish 1	28200 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-through])	
LC50 fish 2	> 100 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [static])	
12.2. Persistence and degradability		
No additional information available		
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential		
Methanol (67-56-1)		
BCF fish 1	< 10	
Log Pow	-0.77	
12.4. Mobility in soil		
No additional information available		
12.5. Other adverse effects		
Other adverse effects	: This substance may be hazardous to the environment.	
Effect on ozone layer	: No additional information available	
Effect on the global warming	: No known effects from this product.	
GWPmix comment	: No known effects from this product.	
<b>SECTION 13: Disposal considerations</b>	5	
13.1. Waste treatment methods		
Sewage disposal recommendations	: Do not dispose of waste into sewer.	
Waste disposal recommendations	<ul> <li>Dispose in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations. Dispose of contents/container to licensed waste disposal facility.</li> </ul>	
Additional information	: Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors are flammable.	
Ecology - waste materials	: Avoid release to the environment.	
SECTION 14: Transport information		
14.1. UN number		
UN-No.(DOT)	: 1289	
DOT NA no.	UN1289	
14.2. UN proper shipping name		
Transport document description	: UN1289 Sodium methylate solutions (in alcohol), 3 (8), III	
Proper Shipping Name (DOT)	: Sodium methylate solutions	
	in alcohol	
Class (DOT)	: 3 - Class 3 - Flammable and combustible liquid 49 CFR 173.120	
Packing group (DOT)	: III - Minor Danger	
Hazard labels (DOT)	: 3 - Flammable liquid	
	8 - Corrosive	
DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx)	: 203	
DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx)	: 242	
DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx)	: 150	
14.3. Additional information		
Emergency Response Guide (ERG) Number	: 132	
Other information	: No supplementary information available.	

passenger vessel

Safety Data Sheet

**DOT Vessel Stowage Location** 

Transport by sea

## Air transport DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail : 5 L (49 CFR 173.27) DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 : 60 L CFR 175.75) **SECTION 15: Regulatory information** 15.1. US Federal regulations Methanol (67-56-1) Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section 313 SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting 1.0 % Sodium methylate (124-41-4) Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory 15.2. International regulations CANADA Methanol (67-56-1) Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List) WHMIS Classification Class B Division 2 - Flammable Liquid Class D Division 1 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing immediate and serious toxic effects Class D Division 2 Subdivision A - Very toxic material causing other toxic effects Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects Sodium methylate (124-41-4) Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List) WHMIS Classification Class B Division 6 - Reactive Flammable Material Class E - Corrosive Material **EU-Regulations** Methanol (67-56-1) Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances) Sodium methylate (124-41-4) Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances) **National regulations** Methanol (67-56-1) Listed on the AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances) Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China) Listed on the Japanese ENCS (Existing & New Chemical Substances) inventory Listed on the Korean ECL (Existing Chemicals List) Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals) Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances) Japanese Poisonous and Deleterious Substances Control Law Listed on the Canadian IDL (Ingredient Disclosure List) Listed on INSQ (Mexican National Inventory of Chemical Substances) Listed on CICR (Turkish Inventory and Control of Chemicals) Sodium methylate (124-41-4) Listed on the AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances) Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China) Listed on the Japanese ENCS (Existing & New Chemical Substances) inventory Listed on the Korean ECL (Existing Chemicals List) Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals) Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances) Listed on INSQ (Mexican National Inventory of Chemical Substances) Listed on CICR (Turkish Inventory and Control of Chemicals) 15.3. US State regulations info@junyuanpetroleumgroup.com www.junyuanpetroleumgroup.com 7/8

: A - The material may be stowed "on deck" or "under deck" on a cargo vessel and on a

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Methanol (67-56-1)				
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	Non-significant risk level (NSRL)
No	Yes	No	No	
Methanol (67-56-1) U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List				
Sodium methylate (124-41-4)				
U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List				

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

Full text of H-phrases::

•	
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapor
H226	Flammable liquid and vapor
H251	Self-heating: may catch fire
H301	Toxic if swallowed
H311	Toxic in contact with skin
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H315	Causes skin irritation
H318	Causes serious eye damage
H331	Toxic if inhaled
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness
H370	Causes damage to organs

Abbreviations and acronyms

Abbreviations: ND: Not Determined, No Data; NA: Not Applicable; LD: Lethal Dose; LC: Lethal Concentration; ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimates; H: hour; °: °C unless otherwise stated; mm: millimeters Hg, torr; PEL: permissible exposure level; TWA: time weighted average; TLV: threshold limit value; TG: Test Guideline; NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health; IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer; NTP: National Toxicology Program; HMIS: Hazardous Material Information System; CAS No.: Chemcial Abstract Service Registration Number; EC No.: European Commission Registration Number; EC Index No.: European Commission Index Number; OECD: The Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development; GHS: The Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling.

### HMIS III Rating

Health

Flammability

: 3 Serious Hazard - Major injury likely unless prompt action is taken and medical treatment is given

Physical

- : 3 Serious Hazard Materials capable of ignition under almost all normal temperature conditions. Includes flammable liquids with flash points below 73 F and boiling points above 100 F. as well as liquids with flash points between 73 F and 100 F. (Classes IB & IC)
- 1 Slight Hazard Materials that are normally stable but can become unstable (self-react) at high temperatures and pressures. Materials may react non-violently with water or undergo hazardous polymerization in the absence of inhibitors.